Course introduction & Quantification

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September  $19^{th}$ , 2019

Introduction

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Thursday afternoon, 3 hours: 13:30 to 16:30, MSH Paris-Nord.



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Thursday afternoon, 3 hours: 13:30 to 16:30, MSH Paris-Nord.

#### Evaluation : replication of an article

Report January, the 20th.  $\pm 15$  sheets. Defense January, the 30th. 15 min.

More details here: http://www.cepn-paris13.fr/epog/?page\_id=1090

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#### Introduction

#### ${\bf R}$ software

R Studio

For next econometrics class, September the 28th:

- Download and install
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- Follow the tutorial swirl: type install.packages("swirl") library(swirl)
- bring your laptop

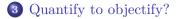
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EPOG2: Heterodox econometricsStatistics as mathsHistory of statisticsStats as toolsQuantify to objectify?Official statistics

# 1 EPOG2: Heterodox econometrics

#### **2** History of statistics

- Statistics as maths
- Stats as tools
- Official statistics



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First statistical tools are developed in context, to answer a specific scientific question

• Census since antiquity.



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13th Risk estimation of maritime expedition (Venise).

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- Estimation of life annuity.

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18th Estimation by means of "multiplier coefficient".

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#### Statistics as maths

# Development of probabilities in France and England (Bayes). 18th Bernoulli : law of large numbers



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#### Statistics as maths

Development of probabilities in France and England (Bayes).

- 18th Bernoulli : law of large numbers
- 19th Gaussian law
  - Gauss : least squares
  - Laplace : Central limit theorem

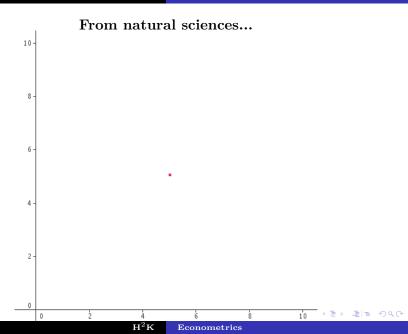
Probabilities (and even more so Stats) have been mathematically grounded in the 1930's.

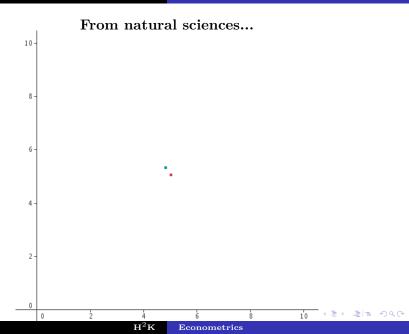
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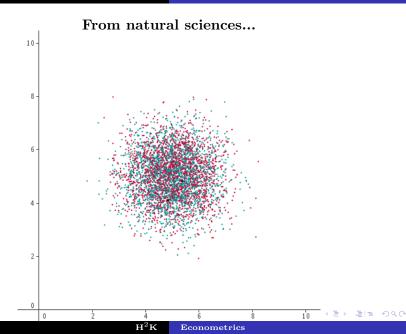
Statistics as maths Stats as tools Official statistics

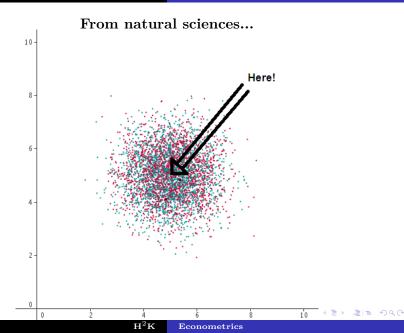
#### From natural sciences...

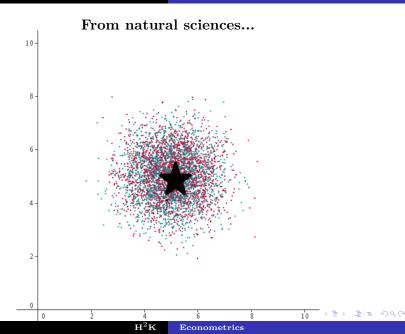










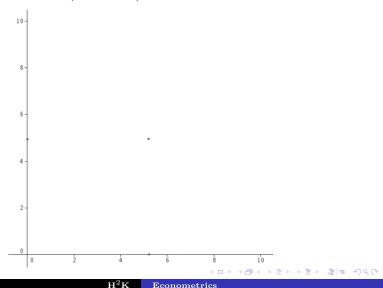


Is measurement errors are "normal", they distribute according to the Gaussian law (bell curve):

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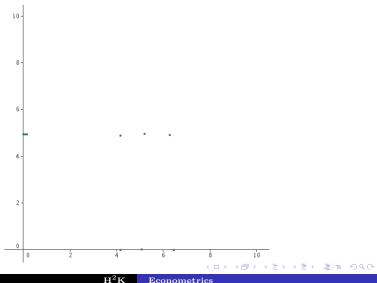
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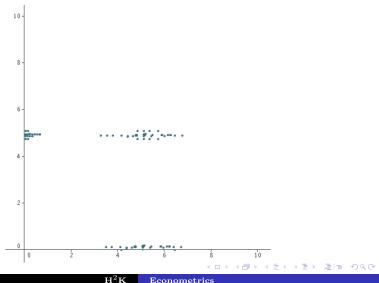
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 $H^2K$ 

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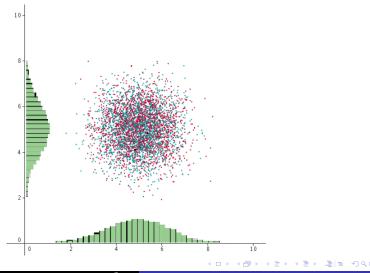
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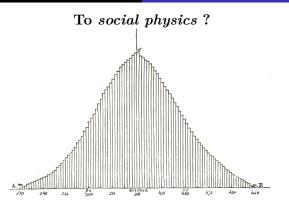
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Econometrics

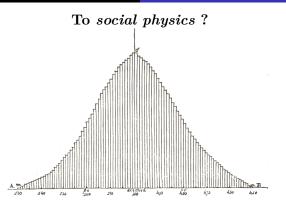
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Quetelet, 1835, soldiers' chest circumferences

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Quetelet, 1835, soldiers' chest circumferences

According to Quetelet, something new but real in it-self, the average man, exists upstream before the individuals different from each other. He is the constant cause of the distribution of the observed heights." Desrosières A. (2008, trad.  $H^2K$ ).

# Galton and eugenics (1822-1911)

Galton is the founder of modern statistics: regression, median and quartiles



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# Galton and eugenics (1822-1911)

Galton is the founder of modern statistics: regression, median and quartiles as well as *Biometrika*. Among his students: Pearson (father) : correlation, standard deviation,  $\chi^2$ Fisher : likelihood, experimental design Pearson (son) : tests and confidence intervals

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### Galton and eugenics (1822-1911)

Galton is the founder of modern statistics: regression, median and quartiles as well as *Biometrika*. Among his students:

Pearson (father) : correlation, standard deviation,  $\chi^2$ Fisher : likelihood, experimental design Pearson (son) : tests and confidence intervals And supporter of eugenics:

quantifiable  $\rightarrow$  inherited  $\rightarrow$  birth control

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#### Anthropometrics

Race	Volume
Caucasian (white)	1426
Mongol (asian)	1360
American (native)	1344
Malaisian (oceanian)	1327
Ethiopian (black)	1278

Cranial volumes according to Morton *Crania Americana*, 1839, measured using peppercorn.

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race	initial volume	corrected volume
Caucasian (white)	1426	1401
Mongol (Asian)	1360	1426
American (native)	1344	1409
Malaysian (Oceania)	1327	1393
Ethiopian (black)	1278	1360

Measures using par lead shots and corrected for size and sex SJ Gould, 1981, *The Mismeasure of Man* 

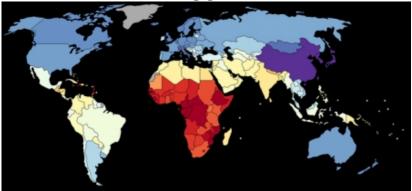
#### Long gone?





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#### Long gone?



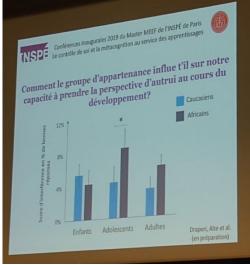
"IQ" by country, Richard Lynn, IQ and Global Inequality, 2006.

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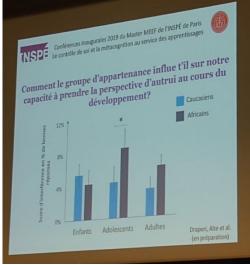
#### Not in France?



Opening lecture of teachers training at Paris V. Descartes.

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#### Industrial statistics (20th)

Return to natural sciences

<u>1900-1940</u> Fisher takes stats to agriculture. and Student to industry



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#### Industrial statistics (20th)

Return to natural sciences

1900-1940

Fisher takes stats to agriculture. and Student to industry aka William Gosset. 1940-1970

Shewhart: statistical control in arms industry, and later Bell Deming, Weibull: production control.



## Official statistics: a typology (Desrosières)

State	Views on	Action	Statistics
type	economy	mode	type
Ingineer	Hierarchised &	Planification &	Inter-industrial
17th	rational	optimization	exchanges
Liberal	Free	Anti-trust	Economic
18th	market	laws	information
Providence	Workers	Social	employment stats,
late 19th	protection	laws	inequalities
Keynesian	Anti-crisis	Currency	National accounting
1940's	regulation	and budget	and macro
Neoliberal	Free market	Incitations	Benchmarking
1990	Finance	anti-trust	and evaluation

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EPOG2: Heterodox econometrics History of statistics Quantify to objectify?

Realism vs conventionalism Performativity

#### Statistics : Quantify to objectify?



How real are statistics?

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### Statistics : Quantify to objectify?



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### The Wire

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# Realism

Variables about individuals do exist independently of any judgment or measuring procedure.



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## Example :

Soldier size



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#### vs conventionalism ?

Evidences of original coding act remain visible and important, in view of denunciation as well as collective action.

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Soldier size

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# Example:

Compensated unemployed person

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## Index and double consciousness

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Indexes explicitly assume a conventional nature, but pretend to reflect some sort of reality. They need to "hold".



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Poverty indexes:

 $\leq 2\$, \, \leq 1\$, \, \leq 11\$$  ? UNPD Human poverty index ?

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Poverty indexes:

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### Double consciousness

Attitude tends to switch with environment. When speaking conventions with a standard economist (worst, journalist), she will hear reality.

# Self-fulling prophecies & Performativity

## Example (Self-fulling prophecy)

"rankings reproduce and intensify the stratification they are designed to measure"  $a^a$ .

<sup>a</sup>Espeland & Sauder, 2007



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### Example (Performativity: doing things with words)

"I hereby declare you husband and wife". International rankings, like Shanghai ARWU, redefine universities by separating local and "world universities".

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# Bibliography



Gould, Stephen Jay. The mismeasure of man. WW Norton & Company, 1996.



Emmanuel Didier, "Do statistics 'perform' the economy?", in MacKenzie et al., Do economists make markets? On the performativity of economics, chap. 10, p. 276-310, Princeton University press, 2007.

